## An =cononnic

## 11еc号3sicy

Perfect overload protection for Machine Tools
Packaging Machinery
Automated Systems
Power Transmission Equipment
NEW from the

Torque limiting clutch for a space optimised installation

- Simple direct readability of the torque setting
- Easy and quick assembly via a clamping hub
- Backlash-free torque transmission
- Good dynamic characteristics


## EAS ${ }^{\oplus}$-smartic ${ }^{\oplus}$

## The new EAS ${ }^{\oplus}$-smartic ${ }^{\oplus}$ offers so many advantages that it becomes a necessity for reliable overload protection. Optimum safety and performance for such a small installation space. Do not make compromises, trust in the drive security experience of the market leader!

## Characteristics and advantages of the EAS ${ }^{\oplus}$-smartic ${ }^{\oplus}$ :

$\square$ Very easy and quick assembly via single screw clamping hub
$\square$ Durable backlash-free torque transmission
$\square$ Good dynamic characteristics
$\square$ Economic and reliable
$\square$ Simple and safe torque setting via graduated scale with direct torque indication
$\square$ High transmission security with a radial clamping hub and a keyway as an additional option

## Function

The EAS ${ }^{\oplus}$-smartic ${ }^{\oplus}$ Type 481 transmits the torque from the input shaft to the drive element, which is mounted at the ball bearing clutch flange. The EAS ${ }^{\circledR}$-smartic ${ }^{\circledR}$ Type 484 connects two shafts and the flexible compensates for any shaft misalignments. Backlashfree torque is transmitted throughout the whole service life of the clutch.
The clutch disengages when the pre-set limiting torque is exceeded. The torque reducing immediately. A fitted mayr ${ }^{\circledR}$ limit switch scans the disengaging movement and signals the drive off. After removal of the overload the clutch re-engages automatically.

## Re-engagement

After removal of the cause of the overload, the clutch automatically re-engages at the same position of disengagement. Input and output components maintain the same angular position to each other.



## Torque adjustment

No currently available torque limiter offers such easy torque adjustment as the EAS ${ }^{\oplus}$-smartic ${ }^{\oplus}$. If you do not indicate the required torque with your order, we set the clutch to approximately $80 \%$ of maximum torque. The reference marking and torque indication directly indicate the set value.

If you need to re-set the torque to a different value, you must only -

- unscrew the securing screw,
- turn the adjusting nut with a hook wrench until the reference markings point to the required torque,
- slightly correct the adjusting nut until the marking notches are aligned and
- screw in the securing screw.



## Assembly

Attachment on the shaft - clamping hub
The attachment of the shaft is made by tightening one single screw. The clamping hub is dimensioned to ensure that the maximum torque of the clutch can be transmitted safely and reliably. With an additional keyway as an option for a high transmission security.

## Drive elements

The drive elements are located over the ball bearing of the EAS ${ }^{\circledR}$ smartic ${ }^{\circledR}$ and attached via screws to the pressure flange.

Backlash of the clutch is:

- the angular tolerance between input and output clutch components
- also known as circumferential backlash
- not to be mistaken with the backlash of the shaft/hub connection
- with mayr ${ }^{\oplus}$ backlash-free means:
backlash -> 0
(see graph).


## Type chart/application



Fig. 1 Type 481.__5.0
EAS ${ }^{\circledR}$-smartic ${ }^{\circledR}$ flange clutch with clamping hub or clamping hub with keyway for backlash-free torque transmission between shaft and output element.
Technical data and dimensions see page 5 .


Fig. 2 Type 484.__5.0
EAS ${ }^{\circledR}$-smartic ${ }^{\circledR}$ Lastic backlash-free
Torque limiter with clamping hub or clamping hub with keyway on both sides for backlash-free torque transmission between two coaxial shafts. Compensates axial, radial and angular misalignments. High damping characteristics.
Technical data and dimensions see page 5.

## Mounting examples



Fig. 5 Type 481._35.0
EAS ${ }^{\oplus}$-smartic ${ }^{\circledR}$ flange clutch with clamping hub.
The drive element is centered on the deep groove ball bearing and screwed with the pressure flange. If the resulting radial force is nearly in the middle of the ball bearing, an additional bearing of the input element can be neglected.


Fig. 3 Type 481._25.0
EAS ${ }^{\circledR}$-smartic ${ }^{\circledR}$ flange clutch with keyway hub or backlas-free torque transmission between shaft and input element. Technical data and dimensions see page 5.


Fig. 4 Type 484._25.0
EAS ${ }^{\circledR}$-smartic ${ }^{\oplus}$ Lastic backlash-free
Torque limiter with keyway hub on both sides for backlash-free torque transmission between two coaxial shafts.
Compensates axial, radial and angular misalignments. High damping characteristics.
Technical data and dimensions see page 5.


Fig. 6 Type 484._25.0
EAS ${ }^{\circledR}$-smartic ${ }^{\oplus}$ Lastic backlash-free
Torque limiter with keyway hub on both sides for backlash-free torque transmission between two coaxial shafts.
Compensates axial, radial and angular misalignments. It is axially fixed on the EAS ${ }^{\circledR}$-side via a cover or on the Lastic-side via set screw.

Dimensional drawings


Type 481. ${ }_{-}^{3} 5.0$


Type 481._25.0


Type 484. $-{ }_{-4} 5$.


Type 484._25._

## Order example:



Example: Order number 0 / 481.635 .0 / 30 plus limit switch 055.002 .5

Accessories (hook wrench for torque setting):

| Size | Article number clutch <br> Type 48_._25._ | Article number clutch <br> Types 48_._35._ and 48_._45_-_ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 01 | 8170662 | 8170663 |
| 0 | 4084939 | 4084158 |
| 1 | 4084939 | 4084158 |
| 2 | 4084940 | 4084159 |

EAS ${ }^{\circledR}$-smartic ${ }^{\circledR}$
Technical data and dimensions



| Size | Bores |  |  |  |  | A | $\mathrm{A}_{1}$ | $\mathrm{A}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{A}_{3}$ | $\mathrm{a}^{3}$ ) | $\mathrm{a}_{0}$ | $\mathrm{b}_{\text {max }}$ | D | $\mathrm{D}_{1}$ | $\mathrm{D}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{D}_{3}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Type $\text { 48-. } 25$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { EAS }^{\circledR} \text {-side } \\ & \begin{array}{c} \text { Type } \\ 48 .-35 .- \\ \varnothing d \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | Type $48=45$ | Last $\varnothing d_{1}{ }^{1)}$ | -side $\varnothing d_{3}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01 | 11-22 | 11-22 | 11-20 | 15-28 | 8-28 | 29 | 14 | 33,5 | 18,3 | 2,5 | 6,5 | 6 | 55 | 57 | 50 | 59 |
| 0 | 14-30 | 14-32 | 14-30 | 19-35 | 10-38 | 29 | 15 | 37 | 23 | 2,5 | 7,5 | 6,5 | 70 | 70 | 65 | 72 |
| 1 | 19-38 | 19-42 | 19-38 | 20-45 | 13-45 | 34 | 17 | 43 | 26 | 2,5 | 8,5 | 7 | 85 | 85 | 78 | 88 |
| 2 | 20-45 | 20-50 | 20-45 | 35-55 | 20-60 | 38 | 19 | 50 | 31 | 3,0 | 9 | 9,5 | 100 | 105 | 91 | 104 |


| Size | $\mathbf{D}_{\mathbf{H}}$ | $\mathbf{E}$ | $\mathbf{E}_{\mathbf{1}}$ | $\mathbf{e}_{\mathbf{h} 5}$ | $\mathbf{G}$ | $\mathbf{h}$ | $\mathbf{h}_{\mathbf{1}}$ | $\mathbf{k}$ | $\mathbf{k}_{\mathbf{1}}$ | $\mathbf{L}_{\mathbf{1}}$ | $\mathbf{L}_{\mathbf{2}}$ | $\mathbf{l}_{\mathbf{1}}$ | $\mathbf{m}$ | $\mathbf{s}$ | $\mathbf{S W}$ | $\mathbf{S W}_{\mathbf{1}}$ | $\mathbf{S W}_{\mathbf{2}}$ | $\mathbf{S W}_{\mathbf{3}}$ | $\mathbf{t}$ |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 01 | 55 | 55 | 50 | 42 | M 5 | 51 | 36 | 2,8 | 1,5 | 107 | 92 | 30 | 48 | $8 \times M 4$ | 6 | 7 | 5 | 5 | 10 |
| 0 | 65 | 70 | 65 | 52 | M 6 | 56 | 42 | 2,8 | 2,8 | 117 | 103 | 35 | 60 | $8 \times \mathrm{M} 4$ | 6 | 7 | 6 | 7 | 15 |
| 1 | 80 | 85 | 80 | 65 | M 8 | 65 | 48 | 3,5 | 3,5 | 140 | 123 | 45 | 74 | $8 \times \mathrm{M} 5$ | 8 | 8 | 6 | 8 | 15 |
| 2 | 105 | 100 | 95 | 78 | M 8 | 75 | 56 | 4 | 3,5 | 170 | 151 | 56 | 89 | $8 \times \mathrm{M} 6$ | 10 | 10 | 8 | 8 | 25 |


| Size | Preferred bores and friction transmittable torques [ Nm ] on the diameter $d$ and $d_{1}$ of the hubs with a shaft fit $k_{6}$ Lastic-side and $h_{6} / h_{8}$ EAS $^{\circledR}$-side |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\bigcirc 11$ |  | ๑ 12 |  | $\varnothing 14$ |  | ๑ 15 |  | ๑ 20 |  | ๑ 25 |  | ๑ 28 |  | ๑ 32 |  | ๑ 35 |  | ๑ 42 |  | ๑ 45 |  | ø 50 |  | ø 55 |  |
|  | $\varnothing$ d | $\bigcirc \mathrm{d}_{1}$ | $\varnothing$ d | $\bigcirc d_{1}$ | $\varnothing \mathrm{d}$ | $\bigcirc \mathrm{d}_{1}$ | $\varnothing$ d | $\bigcirc \mathrm{d}_{1}$ | $\varnothing$ d | $\bigcirc \mathrm{d}_{1}$ | $\varnothing$ d | $\bigcirc \mathrm{d}_{1}$ | $\varnothing$ d | $\bigcirc \mathrm{d}_{1}$ | ø d | ø $\mathrm{d}_{1}$ | $\varnothing$ d | ø $\mathrm{d}_{1}$ | ø d | $\varnothing \mathrm{d}_{1}$ | ø d | $\varnothing \mathrm{d}_{1}$ | $\varnothing$ d | $\varnothing \mathrm{d}_{1}$ | ø d | $\varnothing d_{1}$ |
| 01 | 27 | - | 30 | - | 37 | - | 40 | 34 | 53 | 54 | - | 57 | - | 63 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 0 | - | - | - | - | 42 | - | 45 | - | 64 | 83 | 80 | 104 | 90 | 116 | 102 | 133 | - | 145 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 88 | 83 | 110 | 104 | 124 | 116 | 142 | 133 | 155 | 145 | 186 | 174 | - | 187 | - | - | - | - |
| 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 140 | - | 175 | - | 210 | - | 240 | - | 266 | 238 | 320 | 286 | 343 | 306 | 381 | 341 | - | 360 |

[^0]
## Fitting the limit switch

Set the switch distances for the mechanical or contactless limit switch according to the Fig. shown below.
The distance of the thrust washer from the switching point can sensitively be adjusted with a hexagon head cap screw SW7.

## Limit switch (proximity sensing)

## Undamped mounting

(The limit switch is damped during disengagement of the clutch.)


Damped mounting
(The limit switch is not damped during disengagement of the clutch.)


Limit switch Type 055.00_. 5
(proximity sensing)
Technical data

| Input voltage (depending on version) | $\begin{aligned} & 230 \text { VAC, } \pm 10 \%, 50-60 \mathrm{~Hz} \\ & 115 \mathrm{VAC}, \pm 10 \%, 50-60 \mathrm{~Hz} \\ & 24 \mathrm{VDC}, \text { PELV, } \pm 5 \% \text {, } \\ & \text { reverse polarity protected } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Power consumption | max. 1,5 VA |
| Ambient temperature | $-10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ up to $+60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ limit switch $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ up to $+60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ NAMUR-sensor |
| Protection | IP 54 |
| Conductor cross section | max. 2,5 mm² / AWG 14 |
| Weight | $400 \mathrm{~g} / 14 \mathrm{oz}$ |
| Electrical protection | 0,1 A/fast acting with 24 VDC (in the supply voltage-line) |
| Signalling relay | floating toggle contacts contact load max. 250 VAC/12 A contact material AgNi 90/10 max. switching frequency 20 Hz with min. load, $0,1 \mathrm{~Hz}$ with max. load |
| NAMUR-sensor internal | fitted in a light metal enclosure, switching distance SN 2 mm , flush fitting, max. switching frequency 2 KHz , the zero point can be set by 1 mm each by means of the lateral adjusting screw (SW 7). |
| NAMUR-sensor external | metal enclosure M12 $\times 1$, switching distance SN 2 mm , flush fitting, max. switching frequency 2 KHz , standard cable length 2 m , max. 100 m with a special design, protection IP 67 |

Order example:

| To be included when ordering, please state: | Type | Input voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Order number: | $055.00_{-} .5$ | - - - |
| Proximity sensing | $\wedge$ | 230 VAC |
| Sensor externally . . . . . . . . . . . . 1 Sensor internally ......... . . 2 |  |  |

Mechanical limit switch
(only possible with size 2)


Limit switch Type 055.000.5
(mechanical operation)

## Technical data

| Micro switch | 1 changeover contact 11-12-14 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Contact load | Min. 12 VDC/ 10 mA 250 VAC/15 A <br> 24 VDC/6 A <br> 60 VDC/1,5 A <br> 250 VDC/0,2 A |
| Contact material | AgCdO 90/10 |
| Sitching frequency | max. 200 switching operations/min. |
| Ambient temperature | $-10{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ up to $+85{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Protection | IP 54 |
| Weight | 275 g |
| Switch travel setting | by the adjusting screw SW 7 arranged laterally the zero shift is possible to right or left by max. 5 mm . |
| Switch travel | pre-travel: $\quad \min .0,5 \mathrm{~mm}$ over-travel: max. 10 mm , depending on the zero shift. |
| Special types | on request different control lever lenghts as well as micro switch with 2 changeover contacts. |

## Order example:

| To be included when ordering, <br> please state: | Type |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Order number: | 055.000 .5 |  |


[^0]:    1) The transmittable torques of the flexible coupling "T $T_{K N}$ " depend on the factors as for example temperature factor, torsional rigidity factor etc., please contact the factory. Additionally the transmitted torques of the flexible coupling depend on the bore diameter d bzw. $\mathrm{d}_{1}$.
    2) The mass moments of inertia refer to the couplings with max. bore.
    3) Mounting tolerance $+0,1$
    ${ }^{4)}$ Keyway acc. to DIN 6885/3 size 01 with a bore above ø 17, size 0 with a bore above ø 27, size 1 with a bore above ø 36 , size 2 with a bore above ø 43 .
